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engine if we grant hardship relief as described in §1068.245.

- (e) Small-volume manufacturer exemption. You may import a nonconforming engine if we grant hardship relief for a small-volume manufacturer, as described in §1068.250.
- (f) Equipment-manufacturer hardship exemption. You may import a nonconforming engine if we grant an exemption for the transition to new or revised emission standards, as described in §1068.255.
- (g) Delegated-assembly exemption. You may import a nonconforming engine for final assembly under the provisions of §1068.260. However, this does not include the staged-assembly provisions of §1068.260(h); see §1068.330 for importing incomplete engines.
 - (h) [Reserved]
- (i) Identical configuration exemption. You may import a nonconforming engine if it is identical to certified engines produced by the same manufacturer, subject to the following provisions:
- (1) You may import only the following engines under this exemption:
- (i) Large nonroad spark-ignition engines (see part 1048 of this chapter).
- (ii) Recreational nonroad spark-ignition engines and equipment (see part 1051 of this chapter).
- (iii) Land-based nonroad diesel engines (see part 1039 of this chapter).
- (2) You must meet all the following criteria:
- (i) You have owned the engine for at least six months.
- (ii) You agree not to sell, lease, donate, trade, or otherwise transfer ownership of the engine for at least five years, or until the engine is eligible for the exemption in paragraph (g) of this section. During this period, the only acceptable way to dispose of the engine is to destroy or export it.
- (iii) You use data or evidence sufficient to show that the engine is in a configuration that is identical to an engine the original manufacturer has certified to meet emission standards that apply at the time the manufacturer finished assembling or modifying the engine in question. If you modify the engine to make it identical, you must completely follow the original manufacturer's written instructions.

- (3) We will tell you in writing if we find the information insufficient to show that the engine is eligible for this exemption. In this case, we will not consider your request further until you address our concerns.
- (j) Ancient engine exemption. If you are not the original engine manufacturer, you may import a nonconforming engine that is subject to a standard-setting part and was first manufactured at least 21 years earlier, as long as it is still in its original configuration.

[67 FR 68347, Nov. 8, 2002, as amended at 69 FR 39269, June 29, 2004; 70 FR 40515, July 13, 2005]

§ 1068.320 How must I label an imported engine with an exclusion or a permanent exemption?

- (a) For engines imported under §1068.310(a) or (b), you must place a permanent label or tag on each engine. If no specific label requirements in the standard-setting part apply for these engines, you must meet the following requirements:
- (1) Attach the label or tag in one piece so no one can remove it without destroying or defacing it.
- (2) Make sure it is durable and readable for the engine's entire life.
- (3) Secure it to a part of the engine needed for normal operation and not normally requiring replacement.
- (4) Write it in block letters in English.
- (5) Make it readily visible to the average person after the engine is installed in the equipment.
- (b) On the engine label or tag, do the following:
- (1) Include the heading "EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION".
- (2) Include your full corporate name and trademark.
- (3) State the engine displacement (in liters) and rated power. If the engine's rated power is not established, state the approximate power rating accurately enough to allow a determination of which standards would otherwise apply.
- (4) State: "THIS ENGINE IS EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF [identify the part referenced in 40 CFR 1068.1(a) that would otherwise apply], AS PROVIDED IN [identify the

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paragraph authorizing the exemption (for example, "40 CFR 1068.315(a)")]. IN-STALLING THIS ENGINE IN ANY DIFFERENT APPLICATION MAY BE A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW SUBJECT TO CIVIL PENALTY.".

[67 FR 68347, Nov. 8, 2002, as amended at 69 FR 39269, June 29, 2004]

§ 1068.325 What are the temporary exemptions for imported engines?

You may import engines under certain temporary exemptions, subject to the conditions in this section. We may ask the U.S. Customs Service to require a specific bond amount to make sure you comply with the requirements of this subpart. You may not sell or lease one of these engines while it is in the United States. You must eventually export the engine as we describe in this section unless you get a certificate of conformity for it or it qualifies for one of the permanent exemptions in §1068.315. Section 1068.330 specifies an additional temporary exemption allowing you to import certain engines you intend to modify.

- (a) Exemption for repairs or alterations. You may temporarily import a nonconforming engine under bond solely to repair or alter it or the equipment in which it is installed. You may operate the engine and equipment in the United States only as necessary to repair it, alter it, or ship it to or from the service location. Export the engine directly after servicing is complete.
- (b) Testing exemption. You may temporarily import a nonconforming engine under bond for testing if you follow the requirements of § 1068.210. You may operate the engine in the United States only to allow testing. This exemption expires one year after you import the engine, unless we approve an extension. The engine must be exported before the exemption expires.
- (c) Display exemption. You may temporarily import a nonconforming engine under bond for display, as described in §1068.220. This exemption expires one year after you import the engine, unless we approve your request for an extension. We may approve an extension of up to one more year for each request, but no more than three years in total. The engine must be exported by the time the exemption ex-

pires or directly after the display concludes, whichever comes first.

- (d) Export exemption. You may temporarily import a nonconforming engine to export it, as described in §1068.230. You may operate the engine in the United States only as needed to prepare it for export. Label the engine as described in §1068.230.
- (e) Diplomatic or military exemption. You may temporarily import nonconforming engines without bond if you represent a foreign government in a diplomatic or military capacity. In your request to the Designated Officer (see §1068.305), include either written confirmation from the U.S. State Department that you qualify for this exemption or a copy of your orders for military duty in the United States. We will rely on the State Department or your military orders to determine when your diplomatic or military status expires, at which time you must export your exempt engines.
- (f) Delegated assembly exemption. You may import a nonconforming engine for final assembly, as described in § 1068.260.

[67 FR 68347, Nov. 8, 2002, as amended at 69 FR 39269, June 29, 2004; 70 FR 40515, July 13, 2005]

§ 1068.330 How do I import engines requiring further assembly?

This section allows you to import engines in configurations different than their final configuration. This exemption is temporary, as described in paragraph (d) of this section.

- (a) This section applies in the following cases:
- (1) You import a partially complete engine with the intent to manufacture complete engines for which you have either a certificate of conformity or an exemption that allows you to sell completed engines.
- (2) You import an uncertified complete engine with the intent to modify it for installation in an application different than its otherwise intended application (for example, you import a land-based engine to modify it for a marine application). In this case, to qualify for an exemption under this section, you need either a certificate of conformity or an exemption that allows you to sell completed engines.